

Frafra language

Frafra or Farefare, also known as **Gurenɛ**, is the language of the Frafra people of northern Ghana, particularly the Upper East Region, and southern Burkina Faso. It is a national language of Ghana, and is closely related to Dagbani and other languages of Northern Ghana, and also related to Mossi, also known as Mooré, the national language of Burkina Faso.

Frafra consists of three principal dialects, Gurenɛ (also written *Gurunɛ*, *Gudenne*, *Gurenne*, *Gudeni*, *Zuadeni*), Nankani (*Naani*, *Nankanse*, *Ninkare*), and Booni. Nabit and Talni have been mistakenly reported to be Frafra dialects.^[4]

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Orthography

The Frafra language uses the letters of the Latin alphabet with the exception of c, j, q, x, and with the additions of ɛ, ɔ, ɲ, and ʏ.

Frafra	
Gurenɛ	
Native to	Ghana, Burkina Faso
Ethnicity	Frafra people
Native speakers	720,000 ^[1] (2003) ^[2]
Language family	<div>Niger–Congo<ul style="list-style-type: none">Atlantic–Congo<ul style="list-style-type: none">Gur<ul style="list-style-type: none">Northern<ul style="list-style-type: none">Oti–Volta<ul style="list-style-type: none">Mooré–Dagbani<ul style="list-style-type: none">Mooré<ul style="list-style-type: none">Frafra</div>
Dialects	<div>Gurenɛ<ul style="list-style-type: none">Nankani<ul style="list-style-type: none">Booni</div>
Language codes	
ISO 639-3	gur
Glottolog	fare1241 (http://glottolog.org/resource/languoid/id/fare1241) ^[3]

Gurunɛ Vowels

Sound	Representation	Example	Meaning
/a/	a	ya /ja/	houses
/a:/	aa	gaare /ga:ɪɛ/	a type of bean cake
/ɛ/	ɛ	ɛkɛ /ɛkɛ/	to fly
/e/	e	zoore /zo:ɪe:/	mountain/hill
/ẽ/	ẽ	tẽŋa	city
/ɪ/	ɪ	taablɪ /ta:blɪ/	table (French borrowing)
/i/	i	piika /pi:ka/	little
/ɔ/	ɔ	ɔɔɔɔ /ɔ:ɔɔ/	cold
/o/	o	toma toma /to:.ma.to:.ma/	a greeting similar to "hi"
/ʊ/	ʊ	teebʊl /te:bʊl/	table (English borrowing)
/u/	uu	buulika /bu:lika/	morning

Grammar

Words in Gurunɛ have different "classes" for verb endings:

Gurune Plurals

Class	Singular	Plural	Example	Meaning
1	-a	-ba	něra > něba	Person > People
2	-ka	-gsɿ	bɛka > bɛgsɿ	part(s)/fraction(s)
4	-ko	-gro	boko > bogro ^[5]	hole(s)
Used mainly for loanwords from Twi, English, and other languages	-	-dōma	ānkɔra > ānkɔrdōma	water barrel(s) [Twi]
			foto > fotodōma	photo(s) [most likely French and English]
			taablɿ > taablɿdōma	table(s) [French]
n/a	-grɛ	-ga	dɿgrɛ > dɿga	dwarf(s)
	-ɿa	-ɿɿsɿ	bɿa > bɿɿsɿ	child > children
	-kɔ	-grɔ	dukɔ > dugrɔ	pot(s)
	-ōa	-ōosɿ	kōa > kōosɿ	voice(s)
			pɔgdɔgnōa > pɔgdɔgnōosɿ ^[6]	Cuckoo bird
	-ɿɛ	-la	ɿɿɛ > ɿɿla ^[7]	horn(s)
			ʊɿɛ > ʊɿɛ ^[8]	Uulea mushroom
	-nɛ ^[9]	-ma	gɿgnɛ > gɿgma	lion(s)
			bēmne > bēma	Bemnea calabash drum
	-(n)na	-nɿba	ʂɔ'ɔna > ʂɔ'ɔnɿba	owner(s)

Greetings

Gurune	Phonetic	English
Buulika	/bu:lika/	morning (Greeting in the morning)
Wuntɛŋa	/ɿ'vɔntɛŋa/	sun (Greeting around noon)
Zaanure	/za:juɿɛ/	Evening (Greeting in the evening)
Zaare	/za:ɾɛ/	Welcome
Toma Toma	/to:ma.to:ma/	a greeting similar to "Hello" (every time of the day)
Nambaa	/ɿ'na:mba:/	Response to these greetings

Geography

Continents

English	Gurune
Africa	Afrika
America	Amerika
Antarctica	Antarktika
Asia	Asia
Australia	Australia
Europe	Europa
Oceania	Okeania

Solemitiŋa means "land of the white man" and is used to refer to all non-African countries.

Solemine is theoretically referring to all non-African languages however it is only used to refer to English.

Bibliography

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